

Surname						Other Names					
Centre Number						Candidate Number					
Candidate Signature											

For Examiner's Use

General Certificate of Secondary Education
June 2009



MATHEMATICS (SPECIFICATION A)
Higher Tier
Paper 1 Non-calculator

4306/1H
H

Monday 18 May 2009 1.30 pm to 3.30 pm

<p>For this paper you must have:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> mathematical instruments. <p>You must not use a calculator.</p>	
--	--

For Examiner's Use	
Pages	Mark
3	
4–5	
6–7	
8–9	
10–11	
12–13	
14–15	
16–17	
18–19	
20–21	
22–23	
TOTAL	
Examiner's Initials	

Time allowed: 2 hours

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Answers written in margins or on blank pages will not be marked.
- Do all rough work in this book.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You may ask for more answer paper, graph paper and tracing paper. This must be tagged securely to this answer booklet.

Advice

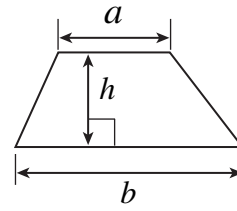
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.



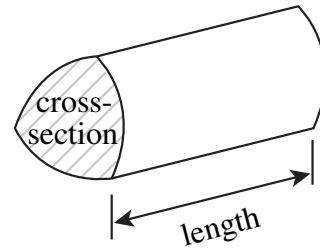
J U N 0 9 4 3 0 6 1 H 0 1

Formulae Sheet: Higher Tier

Area of trapezium = $\frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$

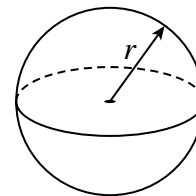


Volume of prism = area of cross-section \times length



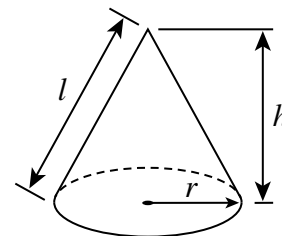
Volume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Surface area of sphere = $4\pi r^2$



Volume of cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Curved surface area of cone = $\pi r l$

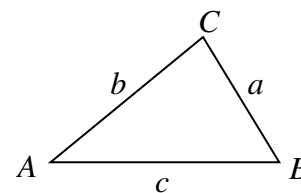


In any triangle ABC

Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$

Sine rule $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine rule $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$



The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$, where $a \neq 0$, are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$$



Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

- 1 Which of the following fractions is nearest to $\frac{1}{2}$?
 You **must** show your working.

$$\frac{3}{5} \quad \frac{7}{10} \quad \frac{11}{20}$$

.....

.....

.....

.....

Answer (2 marks)

- 2 $A = 6$ and $B = -7$

Work out the value of $\frac{A(B + 2)}{3}$

.....

.....

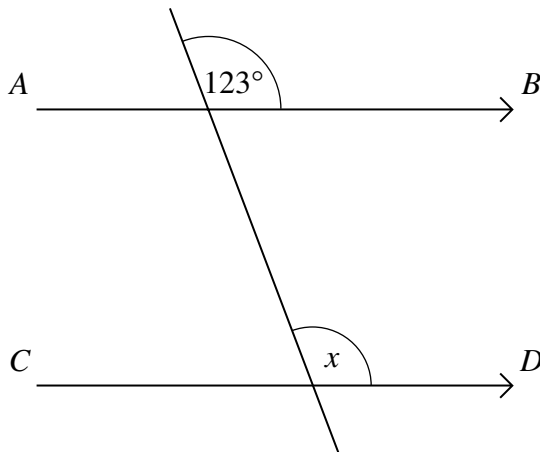
.....

Answer (3 marks)

Turn over for the next question



3 (a) In the diagram, AB is parallel to CD .



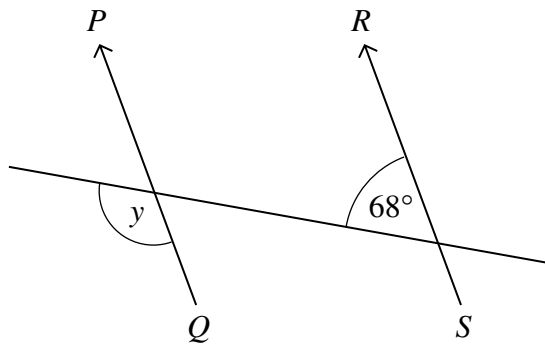
Not drawn accurately

Write down the value of x .
Give a reason for your answer.

Answer degrees

Reason
(2 marks)

3 (b) In the diagram, PQ is parallel to RS .



Not drawn accurately

Work out the value of y .

.....
.....

Answer degrees (2 marks)



4 Ann is x years old.
David is 3 years younger than Ann.
Ken is twice as old as Ann.
The total of their ages is 25

4 (a) Write an expression for David's age in terms of x .

Answer (1 mark)

4 (b) Write an expression for Ken's age in terms of x .

Answer (1 mark)

4 (c) Form an equation in x and use it to work out Ann's age.

.....
.....
.....

Answer (2 marks)

5 George wants to buy a new television.
He sees the same television on special offer at two different stores.

Teleworld

40% off



Normal price £480

SuperSave

$\frac{1}{3}$ off



Normal price £420

Which store sells the television more cheaply?
You **must** show your working.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

Answer (5 marks)

Turn over ►



6 The numbers of driving lessons taken by fifteen people before passing their driving test are shown.

22	15	9	18	29
38	18	19	48	16
13	21	58	23	13

6 (a) Complete an ordered stem-and-leaf diagram to represent this data.
Remember to complete the key.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

0	
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	

Key ... | ...
represents lessons

(3 marks)

6 (b) The mean of these numbers is 24

Tony says, ‘The average number of lessons needed to pass a driving test is 24’

Is this a reasonable statement to make?

Give a reason for your answer.

.....

.....

.....

(1 mark)



7 The instructions for the time to cook a turkey are

45 minutes per kilogram plus 20 minutes

7 (a) Write down a formula for the time T , minutes, to cook a turkey weighing w kilograms.

.....
.....

Answer (2 marks)

7 (b) The total time to cook a turkey is 4 hours and 5 minutes.

How much does the turkey weigh?

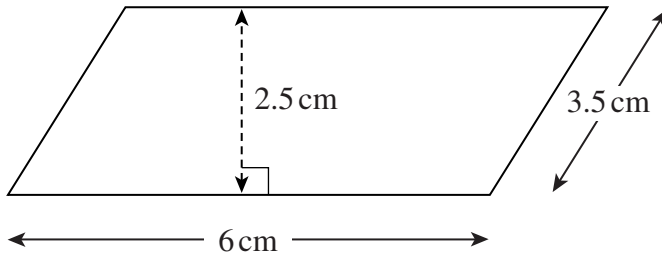
.....
.....
.....
.....

Answer kg (3 marks)

Turn over for the next question



8 The diagram shows a parallelogram.



Not drawn accurately

Calculate the area of the parallelogram.
State the units of your answer.

.....

.....

.....

Answer (3 marks)

9 Leah, Chloe and Maya share £400 between them.
Leah receives the smallest amount of £90
The ratio of Leah's share to Chloe's share is 2 : 3

Work out how much Maya receives.

.....

.....

.....

.....

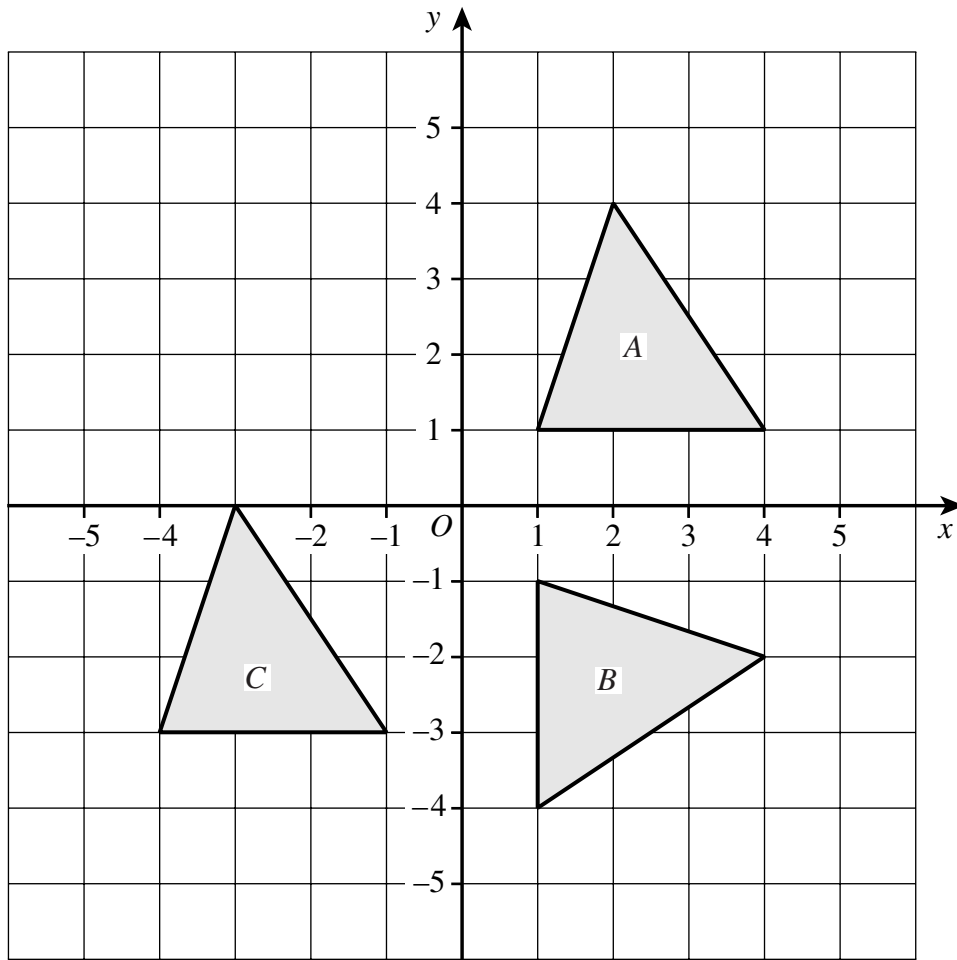
.....

.....

Answer £ (3 marks)



10 Triangles *A*, *B* and *C* are shown on the grid.



10 (a) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle *A* onto triangle *B*.

.....

(3 marks)

10 (b) Write down the vector which describes the translation of triangle *A* onto triangle *C*.

Answer $\begin{pmatrix} \dots \\ \dots \end{pmatrix}$ (1 mark)



11 (a) Solve the inequality $3x + 2 \leq 8$

.....

Answer (2 marks)

11 (b) Write down all the integer values of x satisfying this inequality $-4 \leq 2x < 4$

.....

Answer (2 marks)

12 The table shows the distances that 100 people travel to work each day.

Distance, d , km	Frequency	Midpoint	
$0 < d \leq 4$	11		
$4 < d \leq 8$	23		
$8 < d \leq 12$	36		
$12 < d \leq 16$	20		
$16 < d \leq 20$	10		

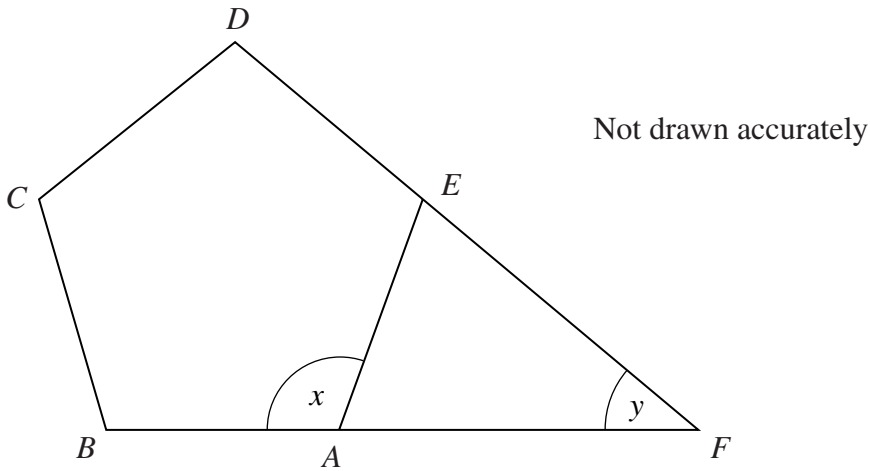
Calculate an estimate of the mean distance travelled.

.....

Answer km (4 marks)



13 *ABCDE* is a regular pentagon.
DEF and *BAF* are straight lines.



13 (a) Which **one** of these statements is true?

- 1 The exterior angle of a regular pentagon is equal to $360^\circ \div 5 = 72^\circ$
- 2 The interior angle of a regular pentagon is equal to $360^\circ \div 5 = 72^\circ$
- 3 The exterior angle of a regular pentagon is equal to $360^\circ - 72^\circ = 288^\circ$
- 4 The interior angle of a regular pentagon is equal to $360^\circ - 72^\circ = 288^\circ$

Answer (1 mark)

13 (b) (i) Work out the size of the angle marked *x* on the diagram.

.....

Answer degrees (1 mark)

13 (b) (ii) Work out the size of the angle marked *y* on the diagram.

.....

Answer degrees (2 marks)



14 (a) Expand and simplify $2x^2(x + 6) + 3x(x - 5)$

.....
.....
.....
.....

Answer (3 marks)

14 (b) Factorise fully $3mh^2 - 15m^2h$

.....
.....

Answer (2 marks)

15 Sirius is the brightest star in the night sky.
The speed of light is 300 000 km per second.
Light takes 2.7×10^8 seconds to reach Earth from Sirius.

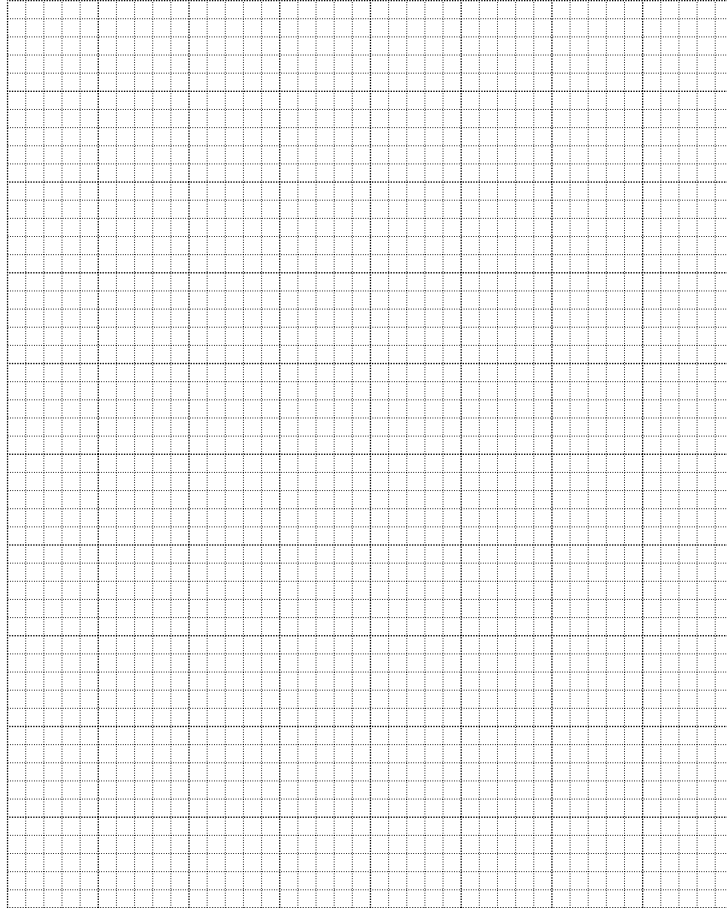
How far is Sirius from Earth?
Give your answer in standard form.

.....
.....
.....
.....

Answer km (3 marks)



- 16** Find an equation of the straight line which passes through the points $(0, -2)$ and $(2, -8)$.
Show your working.
You may use the graph paper to help you.



.....

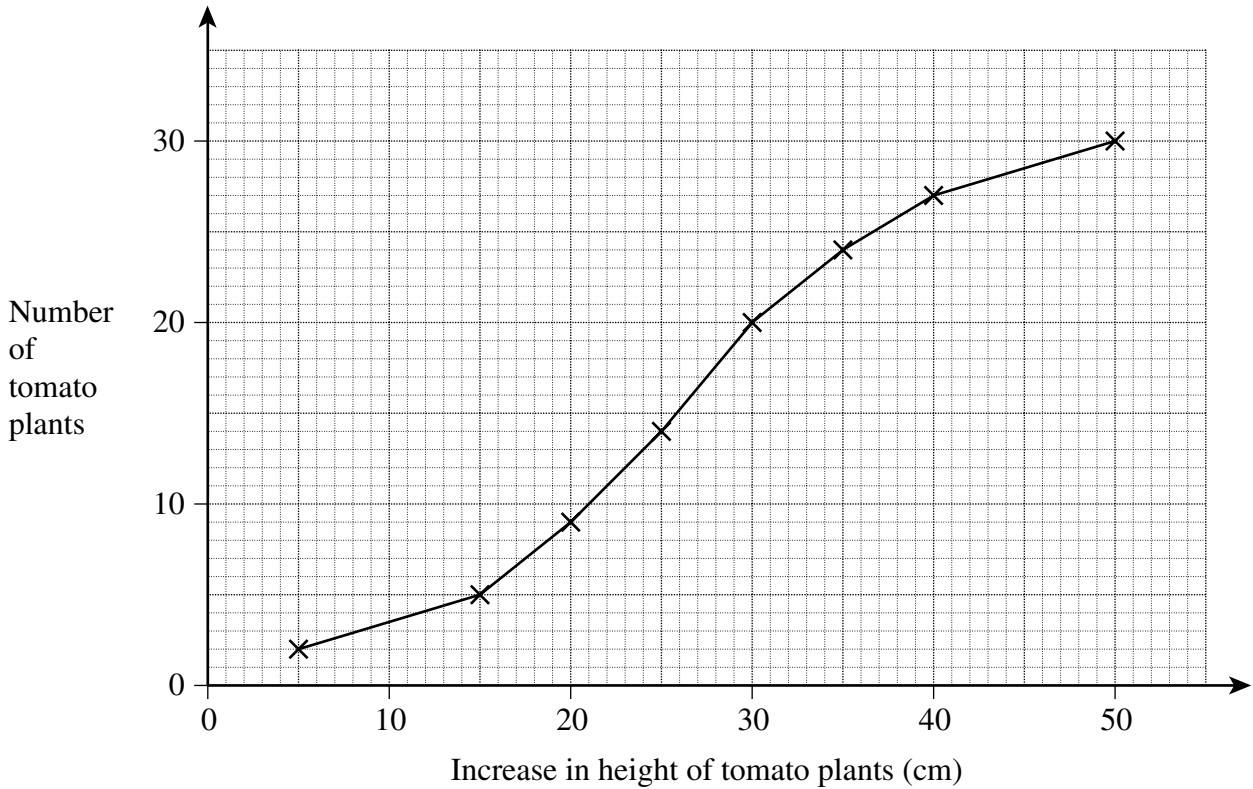
.....

.....

Answer (3 marks)



- 17 Grace bought 60 tomato plants and split them into two identical batches of 30 plants. The **first** batch of 30 plants was allowed to grow naturally. Grace measured the increase in their heights six weeks later. The results for the **first** batch are shown on this cumulative frequency graph.



- 17 (a) How many tomato plants from the **first** batch have increased in height by more than 31 cm?

.....

.....

Answer (2 marks)

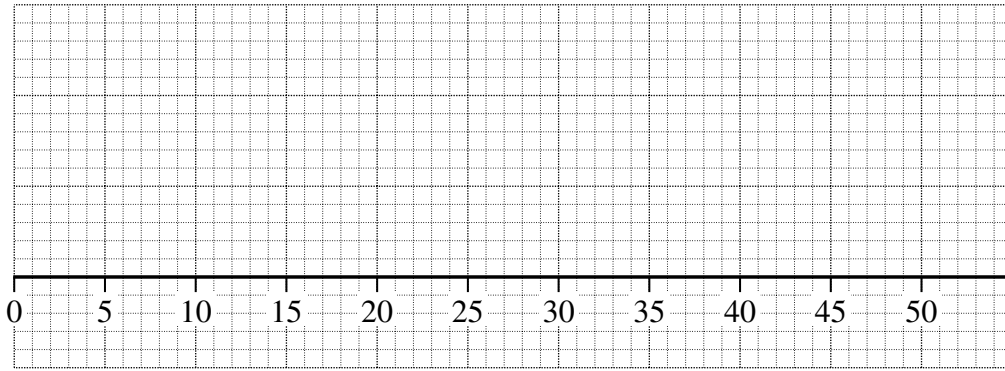
- 17 (b) The smallest increase in height was 5 cm. On the graph paper at the top of the next page, draw a box plot from the cumulative frequency diagram for the **first** batch of tomato plants.

.....

.....

.....

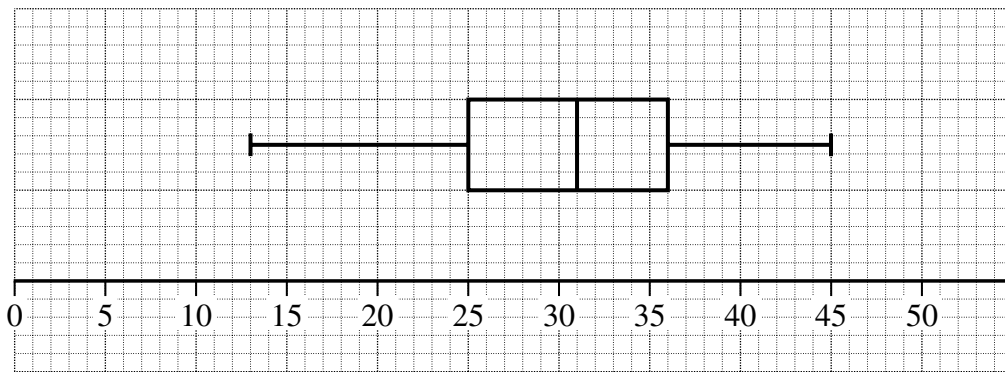




(3 marks)

The **second** batch of 30 tomato plants was treated with *Supergrow*.

This box plot shows the results of the **second** batch when Grace measured the increase in their heights six weeks later.



17 (c) The label on the packet of *Supergrow* says

Use *Supergrow* for consistent results.
Make your plants bigger.

Give **two** reasons to support the claims on the packet.

Reason 1

.....

.....

Reason 2

.....

.....

(2 marks)

Turn over ►



18 Work out $3\frac{3}{4} \div 1\frac{2}{3}$

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Answer (3 marks)



19 Show that $27^{-\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{1}{9}$

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

(2 marks)

20 Two variables x and y are connected by the relationship

' y is directly proportional to the square root of x '.

20 (a) When $x = 25$, $y = 15$

Express y in terms of x .

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

Answer (3 marks)

20 (b) Explain what happens to the value of x when the value of y doubles.

.....
.....
.....
.....

(2 marks)



- 21** A Golf Club has 600 members.
A stratified sample of members is taken, by age group.

The table shows the age grouping of the members.
Some information is given in the table.

Age group	Junior	18 – 39	40 – 59	Senior
Number of members	100			120
Number in sample	20		35	

Complete the table.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

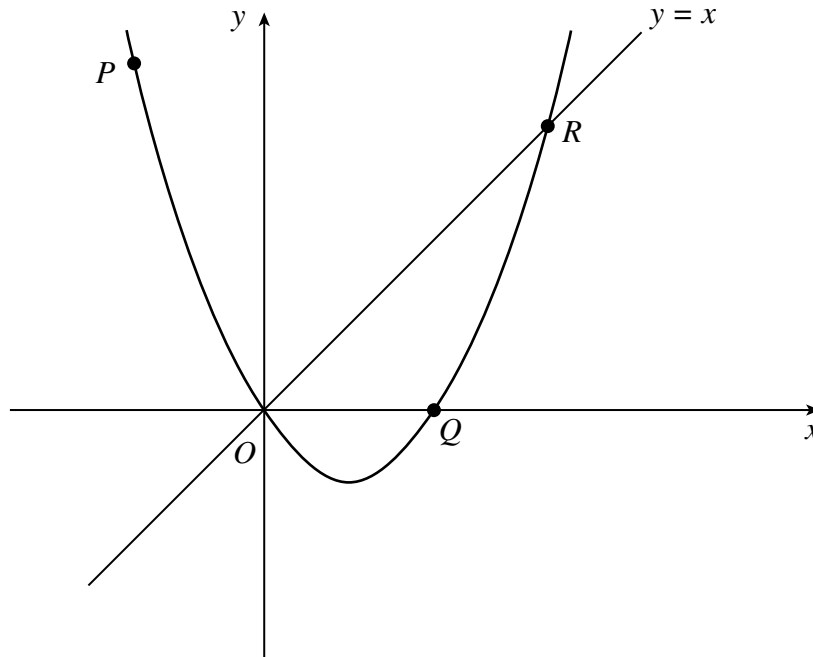
(3 marks)



22 The diagram shows a quadratic graph and a straight line graph.
The two graphs intersect at the origin and at the point marked R .

The quadratic graph has equation $y = ax^2 + bx$, where a and b are integers.
Points $P(-1, 10)$ and $Q(4, 0)$ lie on this graph.

The straight line is $y = x$



Find the coordinates of the point marked R .
You **must** show your working.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

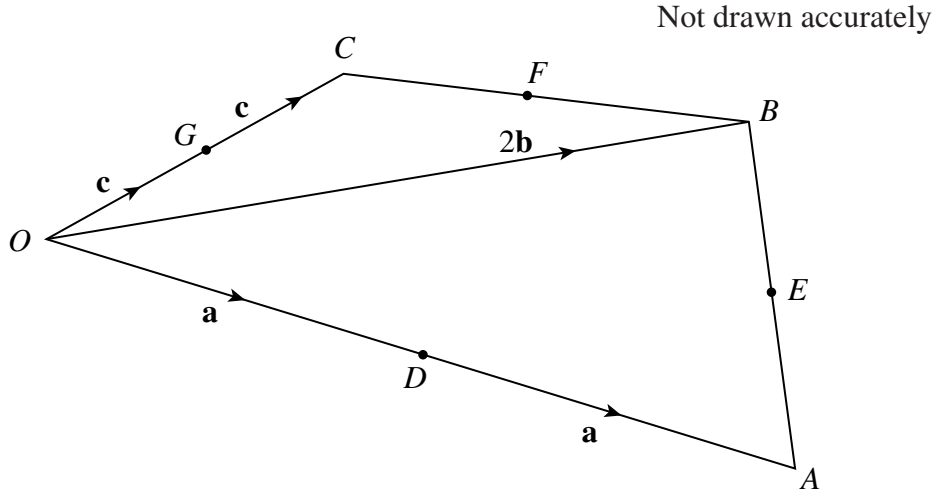
Answer (6 marks)

Turn over ►



23 $OABC$ is a quadrilateral.
 D, E, F and G are the mid-points of OA, AB, BC and OC respectively.

$\vec{OA} = 2\mathbf{a}, \vec{OB} = 2\mathbf{b}$ and $\vec{OC} = 2\mathbf{c}$



23 (a) Find the following vectors in terms of \mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b} and \mathbf{c} .

23 (a) (i) \vec{DG}

.....

Answer (1 mark)

23 (a) (ii) \vec{AB}

.....

Answer (1 mark)

23 (a) (iii) \vec{BC}

.....

Answer (1 mark)



23 (b) Show that $\vec{EF} = \mathbf{c} - \mathbf{a}$

.....
.....
.....

Answer (1 mark)

23 (c) Explain how you can tell that $DEFG$ is a parallelogram.

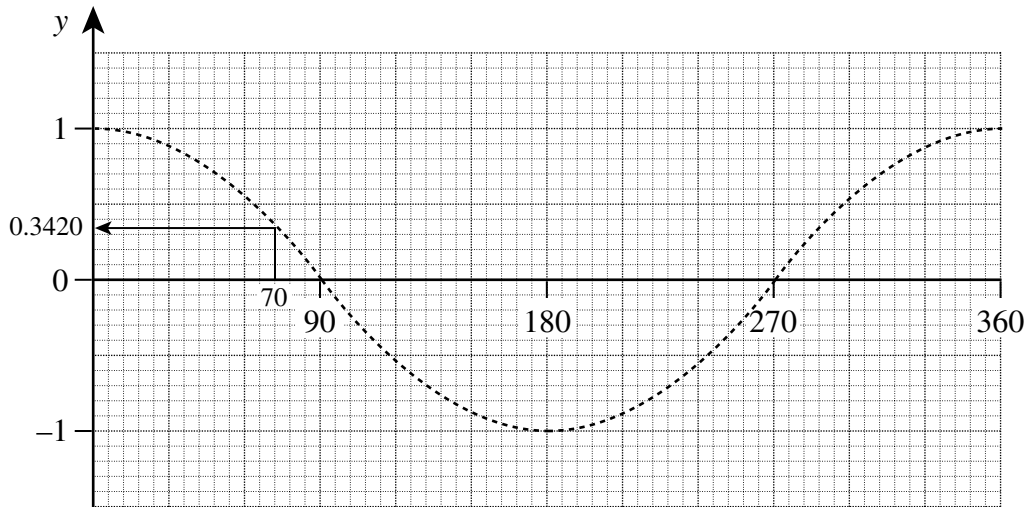
.....
.....
.....

(1 mark)

Turn over for the next question



24 The sketch shows the graph of $y = \cos x$ for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$



You are given that $\cos 70^\circ = 0.3420$

24 (a) State another value of x , where $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$, for which $\cos x = 0.3420$

.....

Answer $x = \dots\dots\dots$ (1 mark)

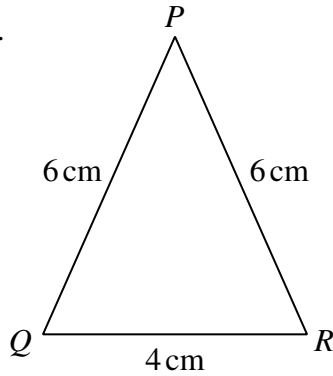
24 (b) State a value of x , where $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$, for which $\cos x = -0.3420$

.....

Answer $x = \dots\dots\dots$ (1 mark)



- 25 (a) Triangle PQR is isosceles.
 $PQ = PR = 6$ cm and $QR = 4$ cm.



Not drawn accurately

Show that the area of the triangle is $8\sqrt{2}$ cm².

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

(4 marks)

- 25 (b) A rectangle has a width of $2\sqrt{6}$ cm and an area equal to **three times** the area of triangle PQR .

Calculate the exact length of the rectangle.
Give your answer in the form $p\sqrt{3}$, where p is an integer.
You **must** show your working.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Answer cm (3 marks)

END OF QUESTIONS



There are no questions printed on this page

**DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE
ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED**

Copyright © 2009 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.

