## **Edexcel GCSE** Mathematics (Linear) – 1MA0



Materials required for examination Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser. Tracing paper may be used. Items included with question papers Nil



## Instructions

Use black ink or ball-point pen.

Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number. Answer all questions.

Answer the questions in the spaces provided – there may be more space than you need. Calculators may be used.

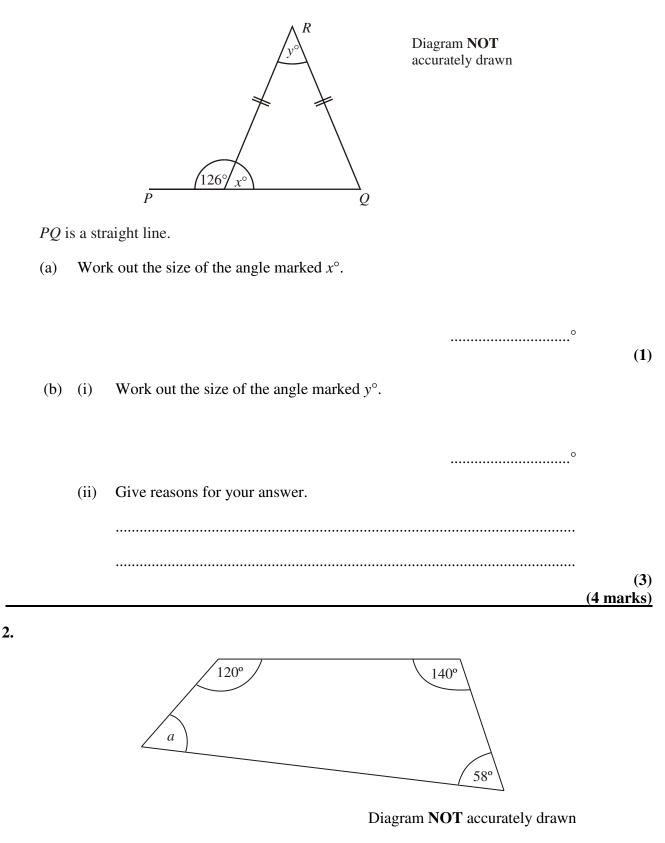
## Information

The marks for each question are shown in brackets – use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on **each** question.

Questions labelled with an **asterisk** (\*) are ones where the quality of your written communication will be assessed – you should take particular care on these questions with your spelling, punctuation and grammar, as well as the clarity of expression.

## Advice

Read each question carefully before you start to answer it. Keep an eye on the time. Try to answer every question. Check your answers if you have time at the end.



Work out the size of the angle *a*.

°

(2 marks)

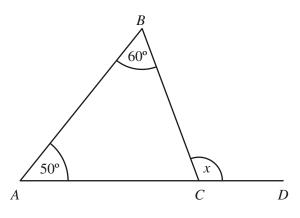
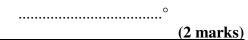


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

In the diagram, *ABC* is a triangle. *ACD* is a straight line. Angle  $CAB = 50^{\circ}$ . Angle *ABC* = 60°.

Work out the size of the angle marked *x*.



P $x^{\circ}$ Q $23^{\circ}$  R

Diagram NOT accurately drawn

*PQR* is an isosceles triangle.

PQ = PR. Angle  $R = 23^{\circ}$ .

Work out the value of *x*.

*x* = .....

(2 marks)

4.

3.

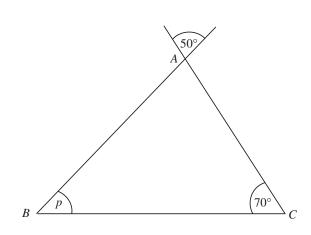
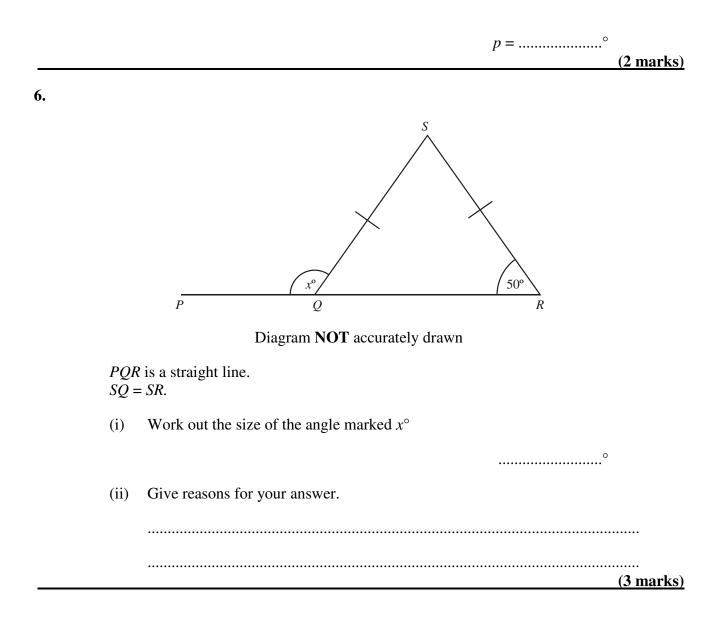
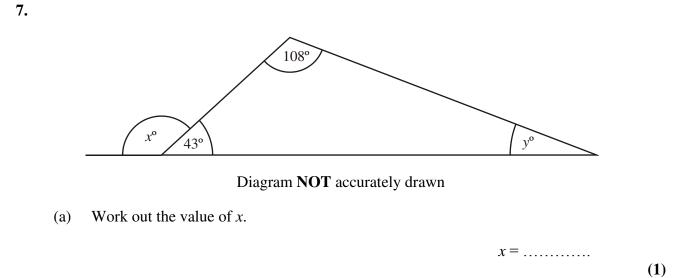


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

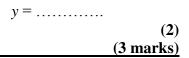
ABC is a triangle.

Work out the size of the angle marked *p*.





(b) Work out the value of *y*.



8.

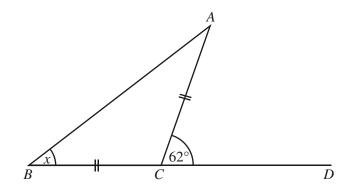


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Triangle ABC is isosceles, with AC = BC.

Angle  $ACD = 62^{\circ}$ .

BCD is a straight line.

Work out the size of angle *x*.

 $x = \dots^{0}$  (2 marks)

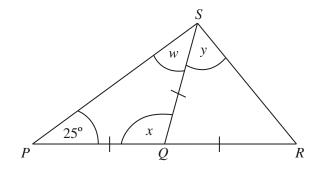


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

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.....o

PQR is a straight line.

$$PQ = QS = QR.$$

Angle  $SPQ = 25^{\circ}$ .

(a) (i) Write down the size of angle *w*.

- (ii) Work out the size of angle *x*.
- (b) Work out the size of angle *y*.

٥	
	(2)
	(4 marks)

10.

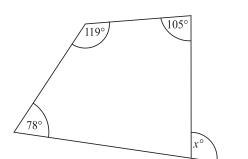


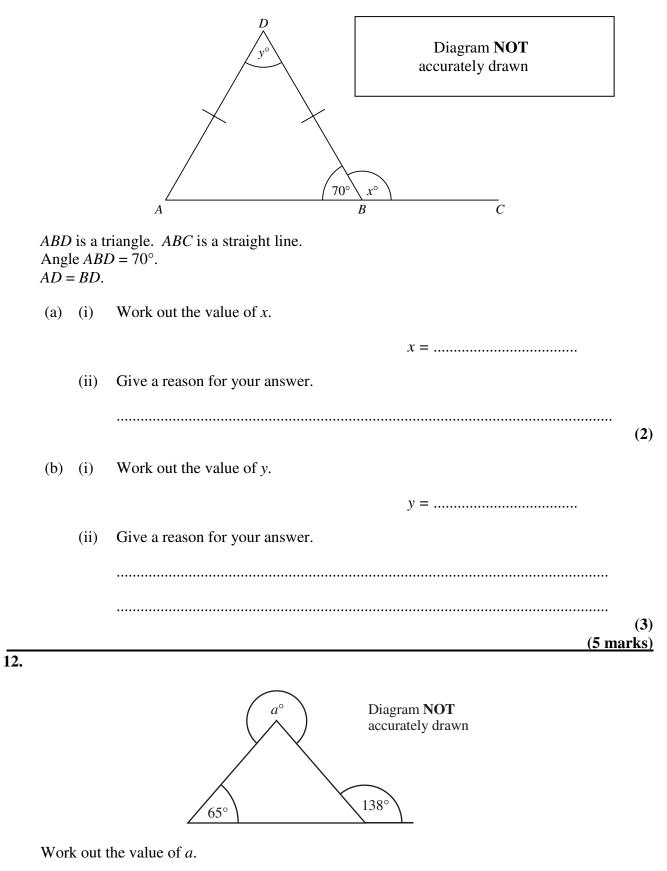
Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Work out the value of *x*.

*x* = .....

(3 marks)

(2)



*a* = .....

(3 marks)

11.

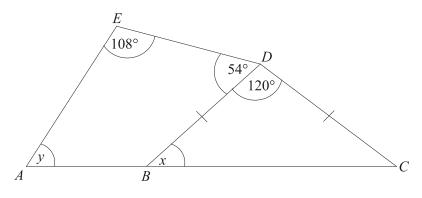


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

In the diagram, ABC is a straight line and BD = CD.

(a) Work out the size of angle *x*.

0

(2)

(b) Work out the size of angle *y*.

.....° (3) (5 marks)

13.