## QT - The Cosine Rule

1. Work out the length LM correct to 3 significant figures.


$$
\begin{aligned}
a^{2} & =b^{2}+c^{2}-25 c \cos A \\
& =8.2^{2}+6.3^{2}-2(8.2)(6.3) \cos 87^{\circ} \\
& =106.93-5.407350999 \\
a^{2} & =101.524649 \\
a & =10.07584483
\end{aligned}
$$


2. Work out the length $X Y$ correct to 3 significant figures.
(3 marks)


$$
\begin{aligned}
a^{2} & =5^{2}+c^{2}-21 \cdot \cos A \\
& =7^{2}+9.5^{2}-2(7)(9.5) \cos 34 \\
& =139.25-110.2619971 \\
& =28.98800285 \\
a & =5.3840507 \\
x e & =5.38 \cos (38)
\end{aligned}
$$

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3. Find the size of angle $A B C$ correct to 1 decimal place.
(3 marks)


$$
\begin{aligned}
\cos A & =\frac{b^{2}+c^{2}-a^{2}}{25 c} \\
& =\frac{9.8^{2}+9^{2}-8.7^{2}}{2(9.8)(9)} \\
\cos A & =0.574546 \\
\cos ^{-1}(A N C) & =54.93212^{\circ} \\
\operatorname{CABC}^{\circ} & =54.9^{\circ}(189)
\end{aligned}
$$

4. Find the size of angle PQR correct to 2 decimal places.


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \cos A=\frac{3^{2} \times c^{2}-a^{2}}{2 b c} \\
&=\frac{11.2^{2}+12^{2}-12.8^{2}}{2(N . L)(12)} \\
&=\frac{11}{28} \\
& \operatorname{coc}^{-1}(A N S)^{2}=66.8676 \\
& \angle P Q R=66.87^{\circ}(282)
\end{aligned}
$$

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$\frac{1}{2} a b \sin C$

5. Work out the area of triangle $A B C$. Give your answer to a suitable degree of accuracy.

a

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Area }=\frac{1}{2} a(\sin C \\
& \left.=\frac{1}{2}(10.4)(12.5) \operatorname{cin}^{(A N C}\right) \\
& =63.077 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\cos A & =\frac{b^{2}+c^{2}-a^{2}}{21 c} \\
& =\frac{10.4^{2}+12.1^{2}-14.2^{2}}{2(10.4)+12.5)} \\
& =\frac{6277}{26000}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\cos ^{-1}(4 x)=76.02945^{\circ}
$$

$$
\therefore A R=A=63 .\left(\cos ^{2}\left(1 Q_{p}\right)\right.
$$

6. Two airplanes leave an airport.

Airplane A flies on a bearing of $075^{\circ}$ for 600 km , and then lands.
Airplane B flies on a bearing of $135^{\circ}$ for 450 km and then lands.
How far apart are the two aircraft when they land?
(4 marks)


$$
a^{2}=b^{2}+c^{2}-2 b c \cos A
$$

$$
=600^{2}+450^{2}-2(600)(+50) \cos 60
$$

$$
=\sqrt{6} 2 \sqrt{0}-270000
$$

$$
=292500
$$

$$
a=\sqrt{40} .83269
$$

$$
\text { Distance }=540.8 \mathrm{ks}(189)
$$

QT - The Cosine Rule
7. Find the value of $x$.


Give your answer correct to 2 decimal place.
(5 marks)


$$
\begin{aligned}
a^{2} & =5^{2}+c^{2}-26 . \cos A \\
& =14.5^{2}+12.5^{2}-2(14.5)(12.5) \cos 35^{\circ} \\
& =366.5-296.9426161 \\
& =69.55 \\
a & =8.34
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{rl}
S O H & C A H T O A \\
\operatorname{Tan} x & =\frac{O P P}{A D 5} \\
& =\frac{8.34}{17}=0.490588 \\
\operatorname{Tan}^{-1}(A \sim N) & =46.13^{\circ} \\
\text { ANE E } x & =26.13^{\circ}
\end{array}
$$

QT - The Cosine Rule
8. $A B C D$ is a quadrilateral.

Angle BCA is $39^{\circ}$
Work out the area of ABCD.
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.
(5 marks)


AREA TRIANENE (A)
$\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ab} \sin C$
$\frac{1}{2}(66)(22)(\sin 114)$
$=2170.584 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Trigon A } \\
& \begin{aligned}
a^{2} & =1^{2}+c^{2}-2 b a \cos A \\
& =66^{2}+72^{2}-2(66)(72) \cos 114 \\
& =9540-(-3865.625056) \\
a^{2} & =13405.62506 \\
a & =115.782666
\end{aligned}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\frac{1}{2} a b \sin c
$$

$$
\frac{1}{2}(116.78 \ldots)(58)(\sin 39)
$$

$$
=2113.067 \mathrm{~m}^{2}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { TOLA ARR } & =A+(3) \\
& =4283.651332 \\
& =4280 \mathrm{H}^{2}(3 \mathrm{sf})
\end{aligned}
$$

