

1. Given that f(x) = x + 9(a) Find f(6)(b) Find f(-2)(c) Solve f(x) = 12

(1 mark) (1 mark) (2 marks)

2. Given that f(x) = 3x + 2
(a) Find f(3)
(b) Find f(-4)
(c) Solve f(x) = 14

(1 mark) (1 mark) (2 marks)



3. Given that $f(x) = 3x^{2} + 4$ (a) Find f(3)(b) Find f(-3)(c) Solve f(x) = 16

(2 marks) (2 marks) (2 marks)

4. Given that $g(x) = x^2 + 5$ (a) Find g(8)(b) Find g(-6)(c) Work out the expression for $g^{-1}(x)$ (d) Find $g^{-1}(x) = 4$

(1 mark) (1 mark) (2 marks) (2 marks)



5. Given that f(x) = 3x + 2 and g(x) = 2x - 6(a) Find gf(3)(b) Solve f(x) = g(x)

(2 marks) (2 marks)

6. Given that
$$f(x) = 2x - 2$$
 and $g(x) = x + 3$
(a) Work out the expression for $f^{-1}(x)$ (2 marks)
(b) Work out the expression for $g^{-1}(x)$ (2 marks)
(c) Solve $f^{-1}(x) = g^{-1}(x)$ (2 marks)



7. Given the function f(x) = -5 - 9x, find the value of $f^{-1}f(8)$ (3 marks)

8. A function f is defined such that $f(x) = \frac{x}{x-2}$ (a) Find the value of $f(\frac{5}{2})$ (2 marks) (b) Find $f^{-1}(x)$ (2 marks)